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CLAIMS

- 1. A multimodal polyolefin resin comprising not less than 80 weight % of ethylene and up to 20 weight % of one or more C₃₋₁₀ alpha olefins, said composite resin having a density greater than 0.940 g/cm³; a melt index determined according to ASTM D 1238 under a load of 2.16 kg and a temperature of 190°C greater than 0.01 g/10 minutes, a polydispersity greater than 3.5, and a CDBI of greater than 50 comprising at least:
- a) from 5 to 50 weight % of a high molecular weight component having a density greater than 0.940 g/cm³; a weight average molecular weight greater than 250,000; a polydispersity from 1.5 to 3.5; and a short chain branch content from 0.0 to 4.4 short chains per 1000 carbon atoms in the polymer backbone; and
- b) from 50 to 95 weight % of a lower molecular weight component having a density from 0.930 to 0.960 g/cm³; a weight average molecular weight greater than 25,000; a polydispersity from 2.0 to 3.5; and a short chain branch content from 0.5 to 6.1 short chains per 1000 carbon atoms in the polymer backbone.
- 2. The multimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 1, having a melt index determined according to ASTM D 1238 under a load of 2.16 kg and a temperature of 190°C from 0.10 to 0.50 g/10 minutes.
- 3. The multimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 2, having a polydispersity greater than 5.
- 4. The multimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 3, which is a bimodal polyolefin resin.
- 5. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 4, wherein the high molecular weigh component is present in an amount from 15 to 40 weight % based on the total weight of the resin.
- 6. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 5, wherein the low molecular weight component is present in an amount from 85 to 60 weight % based on the total weight of the resin.
- 7. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 6, having a CDBI from 70 to 95.

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- 8. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 7, having a density from 0.940 to 0.955 g/cm³.
- 9. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 8, having a melt index determined according to ASTM D 1238 under a load of 2.16 kg and a temperature of 190°C from 0.10 to 0.50 g per 10 minutes.
- 10. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 9, having a polydispersity greater than 5.
- 11. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 10, having a CDBI from 75 to 80.
- 12. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 11, having a density from 0.945 to 0.950 q/cm³.
- 13. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 12, having a melt index determined according to ASTM D 1238 under a load of 2.16 kg and a temperature of 190°C from 0.10 to 0.40 g/10 minutes.
- 14. The bimodal polyolefin resin according to claim 13, having a polydispersity greater than 5.
- 15. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 1.
- 16. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 2.
- 17. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 3.
- 18. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least

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2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 4.

- 19. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 5.
- 20. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 6.
 - 21. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 7.
- 22. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 8.
 - 23. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 9.
 - 24. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 10.
 - 25. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 11.

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- 26. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 12.
- 27. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 13.
- 28. A polyolefin pipe having a hydrostatic design basis at 23°C of equal or greater than 1250 psi and a ductile—brittle failure transition of at least 2000 hours when measured at 80°C under a minimum hoop stress of 900 psi prepared from a composite resin according to claim 14.
- 29. The polyolefin composition according to claim 4, wherein the comonomer is selected from the group consisting of butene, hexene and octene.
- 30. The polyolefin composition according to claim 29, prepared using a solution polymerization process in a series or parallel of two or more reactors at different temperatures each of which is not greater than 250°C.
- 31. The polyolefin composition according to claim 30, wherein at least one reactor in said solution polymerization process uses a single site catalyst.
- 32. The polyolefin composition according to claim 31, wherein said solution polymerization process uses two reactors and single site catalysts are used in each reactor.
- 33. The polyolefin composition according to claim 32, wherein one reactor is operated at a temperature from 140 to 160°C and the other reactor is operated at a temperature of not less than 180°C.